## MEMORANDUM

TO: CAP

FROM: Steering Committee

**RE:** STEM M.A.T.

**DATE:** April 3, 2014

**Background:** In Spring 2013 TCNJ received funds from the Woodrow Wilson Foundation to revise its Masters in the Art of Teaching for STEM (science, technology, engineering, mathematics) subjects. An interdisciplinary group of faculty has been working on this revision and has forwarded its proposal to the Council of Deans, the Graduate Program Council (GPC), and Steering.

<u>Charge:</u> CAP should determine if the proposal has received adequate review from the programs, departments, and schools involved in this interdisciplinary inititive. CAP should then forward the conclusions of its review to the Provost, who is responsible for approving program and curricular changes.

<u>Timeline:</u> This matter has special urgency, given that the School of Education intends to implement the revised program for the cohort of M.A.T. students entering in June 2014. Steering asks that CAP take up this issue at its next meeting.

Steering suggested to the co-directors of the Woodrow Wilson initiative that, in order to expedite this process, they should submit the proposal to the Council of Deans and to GPC simultaneously with the submission to Steering. It is expected that those two groups, along with the Teacher Education Program Council, will review the proposal this week and communicate the results of their reviews to CAP.

## **TCNJ Governance Processes**

Step #1 -- Identifying and reporting the problem: When a Standing Committee receives a charge from the Steering Committee, the first responsibility is to clearly articulate and report the problem to the campus community. The problem may have been set out clearly in the charge received from the Steering Committee, or it may be necessary for the Standing Committee to frame a problem statement. The problem statement should indicate the difficulties or uncertainties that need to be addressed through new or revised policy, procedure, or program. The problem statement should be broadly stated and should include a context such as existing policy or practice. Problem statements may include solution parameters but should not suggest any specific solutions. Clearly stated problems will lead to better recommendations.

**Step #2 -- Preparing a preliminary recommendation:** Once the campus community has received the problem statement, committees can begin to collect data needed to make a

preliminary recommendation. Committees should receive input from affected individuals and all relevant stakeholder groups prior to making a preliminary recommendation. For issues that have broad implications or that affect a large number of individuals, initial testimony should be solicited from the campus community at large. For some issues, sufficient initial testimony may come from input through committee membership or solicitation from targeted constituent groups. When, in the best judgment of the committee, adequate clarity of the principles contributing to the problem are known, a preliminary recommendation should be drafted and disseminated to the campus community through regular updates and the Governance website. At this point, committees typically receive input or testimony through committee membership, formal testimony, and open comment from affected individuals and all stakeholder groups. Committees must be proactive in inviting stakeholder groups (including Student Government, Staff Senate and Faculty Senate) to provide formal testimony. In cases where testimony results in significant and substantive changes to the preliminary recommendation, the new recommendation will be considered to be in step #2.

Step #3 -- Making a final recommendation: Committees must use sound judgment to give the campus adequate time to review the preliminary recommendation before making their final recommendation. Again, committees are expected to be proactive in receiving feedback on the preliminary recommendation. If a full calendar year has passed since the formal announcement of the preliminary recommendation, the committee must resubmit a preliminary recommendation to the campus community. When, in the best judgment of the committee, the campus community has responded to the proposed resolution of the issue, the committee shall send its final recommendation (with documentation) to the Steering Committee. That final recommendation should include a suggested implementation date. Accompanying the final recommendation shall be a report of how testimony was gathered, the nature of that testimony, and how the Committee responded to that testimony, including a description of how the preliminary recommendation evolved as a result of testimony.

## **Testimony**

The presenting of testimony, prior to both the preliminary and final recommendations, is central to the concept of shared governance. All stakeholder groups will have an opportunity to provide input into governance issues through direct membership as well as invited testimony. Individuals appointed or elected to the governance system are expected to take a broad institutional perspective relative to issues being considered. In contrast, invited testimony will reflect the stakeholder perspective on the issue being considered. Committees are expected to be proactive in inviting stakeholder groups to provide testimony at both steps # 2 and #3 of the process. Committees need to identify stakeholder groups that are interested in each particular issue and invite their testimony at scheduled Committee meetings or hearings. Committees should report in their transmittal memos which groups were targeted as stakeholders, how testimony was invited, the form of the testimony (written, oral, etc.), and the substantive content of the testimony.

To see the Steering Committee's guidelines for gathering testimony and making a final recommendation, see the "Governance Toolbox" at <a href="http://academicaffairs.pages.tcnj.edu/college-governance/a-governance-toolbox/">http://academicaffairs.pages.tcnj.edu/college-governance/a-governance-toolbox/</a>